VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT December 31, 2018

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS December 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Board of Trustees Village of Carbon Cliff, Illinois Carbon Cliff, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Carbon Cliff, Illinois (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The management's discussion and analysis which is required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles has not been presented as part of this report.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Carbon Cliff, Illinois, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Carbon Cliff, Illinois' basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information on pages 28-32 and the pension plan schedule of funding progress on page 33, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and property tax tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 34-37 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The property tax tables on pages 38-39 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

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Moline, Illinois July 2, 2019



VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2018

	Primary Government						
	GovernmentalActivities			siness-Type Activities		Total	
ASSETS							
Cash	\$	607,633	\$	641,612	\$	1,249,245	
Internal balances		(259,506)		259,506		-	
Capital assets, net of							
accumulated depreciation:							
Land		169,406				169,406	
Buildings and systems		823,757		1,593,961		2,417,718	
Equipment and vehicles		92,241		35,803		128,044	
Improvements other than buildings		32,514		-		32,514	
Infrastructure		2,783,274		-	-	2,783,274	
Total assets	\$	4,249,319	\$	2,530,882	\$	6,780,201	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities	\$	1,638	\$		\$	1,638	
A1 1700							
Noncurrent liabilities	Ф	00.010	Φ		ď	26.010	
Due within one year	\$	26,010	\$	-	\$	26,010	
Due in more than one year		162,657				162,657	
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	188,667	\$	_	_\$	188,667	
Total liabilities	\$	190,305	\$	-	\$	190,305	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,712,525	\$	1,629,764	\$	5,342,289	
Restricted for:	Ψ	3,712,323	Ψ	1,023,704	Ψ	5,5-2,205	
Tourism/infrastructure		152,353		_		152,353	
Streets and alley projects		226,416		_		226,416	
Drainage improvements		38,076		-		38,076	
Unrestricted		(70,356)		901,118		830,762	
Total net position	\$	4,059,014	\$	2,530,882	\$	6,589,896	

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Program Revenues						
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions			al Grants and ributions	
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS									
Primary Government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	290,627	\$	20,029	\$	-	\$	-	
Public safety		182,825		3,864		-		-	
Public works		263,590		-		-		-	
Recreation and culture		75,599		-		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		12,955		-		-			
Total governmental activities	\$	825,596	\$	23,893	\$	-	\$	-	
Business-type activities:									
Water		266,519	\$	309,888	\$	-	\$	-	
Sewer		465,397		613,087		-		-	
Garbage		97,203		92,933		1,601			
Total business-type activities	\$	829,119	_\$_	1,015,908	\$	1,601	\$		
Total primary government	\$	1,654,715	_\$_	1,039,801	\$	1,601	\$	-	

General revenues
Property taxes
Other taxes
Investment earnings
Miscellaneous
Intergovernmental
Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		
\$	(270,598) (178,961) (263,590) (75,599) (12,955)	\$	- - - -	\$	(270,598) (178,961) (263,590) (75,599) (12,955)	
\$	(801,703)	_\$_	-	\$	(801,703)	
\$	- - -	\$	43,369 147,690 (2,669)	\$	43,369 147,690 (2,669)	
\$	-	\$	188,390	\$	188,390	
\$	(801,703)	\$	188,390	\$	(613,313)	
\$	174,899 616,403 1,042 1,840 69,073 (13,459)	\$	- 3,469 996 - 13,459	\$	174,899 616,403 4,511 2,836 69,073	
\$	849,798	\$	17,924	\$	867,722	
\$	48,095	\$	206,314	\$	254,409	
	4,010,919		2,324,568	-	6,335,487	
\$	4,059,014	\$	2,530,882	\$	6,589,896	

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2018

	General Fund			Hotel Tax Fund		
ASSETS Cash Advances to other funds	\$	240,797 -	\$	102,353 50,000		
Total assets	\$	240,797	\$	152,353		
LIABILITIES Other Advances from other funds	\$	1,638 309,515	\$	-		
Total liabilities	\$	311,153	\$	_		
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Tourism/infrastructure Street and alley projects Drainage improvements Unassigned	\$	- - - (70,356)	\$	152,353 - - -		
Total fund balances	\$	(70,356)	\$	152,353		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	240,797	\$	152,353		

Nonmajor ome Rule Sales Governmental Tax Fund Funds			Gov	Total Governmental Funds			
\$ 38,067 9	\$	\$ 226,416		607,633 50,009			
\$ 38,076	\$	226,416	\$	657,642			
\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,638 309,515			
\$ -	\$		\$	311,153			
\$ 38,076	\$	226,416 - -	\$	152,353 226,416 38,076 (70,356)			
\$ 38,076	\$	226,416	\$	346,489			
\$ 38,076	\$	226,416	\$	657,642			

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 346,489
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3,901,192

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

\$ 4,059,014

(188,667)

Net position of governmental activities

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Ge	neral Fund	Hotel Tax Fund		
Property taxes Other taxes Licenses and permits Fines and fees Intergovernmental agreement Interest Sale of property Miscellaneous Other reimbursements	\$	174,899 480,992 20,029 3,864 1,226 635 284 1,556 13,145	\$	- 64,370 - - - - - - -	
Total revenues	\$	696,630	\$	64,370	
EXPENDITURES Current: Personnel Contractual services Commodities Other Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest	\$	278,286 231,409 137,007 11,591 50,489 360,237 6,827	\$	- 10,228 - 8,730 - -	
Total expenditures	\$	1,075,846	\$	18,958	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(379,216)	\$	45,412	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	\$	542 (14,001)	\$	(5,467)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(13,459)	\$	(5,467)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(392,675)	\$	39,945	
FUND BALANCES, Beginning		322,319		112,408	
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$	(70,356)	\$	152,353	

	Rule Sales x Fund	Gov	onmajor /ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	- 56,793 - - - 25 - -	\$	- 14,248 - - 54,702 382 - -	\$	174,899 616,403 20,029 3,864 55,928 1,042 284 1,556 13,145	
\$	56,818	\$	69,332	\$	887,150	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	278,286	
	6,697 -		687 -		249,021 137,007	
	-				20,321 50,489	
	25,164 6,128		-		385,401 12,955	
\$	37,989	\$	687	_\$	1,133,480	
\$	18,829	\$	68,645	\$	(246,330)	
\$	-	\$	5,467 -	\$	6,009 (19,468)	
\$	-	\$	5,467	\$	(13,459)	
\$	18,829	\$	74,112	\$	(259,789)	
•	19,247		152,304		606,278	
\$	38,076	\$	226,416	\$	346,489	

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (259,789)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	(77,517)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	385,401
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 48,095

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2018

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds							
	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Garbage Fund			Total siness-Type Activities
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to other funds	\$ 	411,034 91,414	\$ 	159,050 193,146	\$	71,528 	\$ 	641,612 284,560
Total current assets	_\$_	502,448	_\$_	352,196	\$	71,528	_\$_	926,172
Capital assets:								
Buildings and systems	\$	2,268,993	\$	1,521,540	\$	-	\$	3,790,533
Equipment and vehicles	-	47,844		47,843		-		95,687
Less accumulated depreciation		(927,989)		(1,328,467)		-		(2,256,456)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$	1,388,848	\$	240,916	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,629,764
Total assets	\$_	1,891,296	_\$_	593,112	\$	71,528	_\$_	2,555,936
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:								
Advances from other funds	\$	-	_\$_	25,054	_\$		\$	25,054
Total liabilities	\$		_\$_	25,054	\$		_\$_	25,054
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,388,848	\$	240,916	\$	_	\$	1,629,764
Unrestricted		502,448		327,142		71,528		901,118
Total net position	\$	1,891,296	\$	568,058	\$	71,528	_\$_	2,530,882

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				unds		
	w	ater Fund	Se	wer Fund	Garb	age Fund	Total iness-Type Activities
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Other reimbursements	\$	309,888 446	\$	613,087 446	\$	92,933	\$ 1,015,908 892
Total operating revenues	\$	310,334	\$	613,533	\$	92,933	\$ 1,016,800
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel Contractual services Commodities Other Depreciation	\$	65,058 86,428 4,125 59,805 51,103	\$	59,800 346,845 25,420 - 33,332	\$	16,737 75,951 4,515 -	\$ 141,595 509,224 34,060 59,805 84,435
Total operating expenses	\$	266,519	\$	465,397	\$	97,203	\$ 829,119
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	_\$_	43,815	\$	148,136	\$	(4,270)	\$ 187,681
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE Investment income Gain on sale of capital assets Grant income	\$ 	925 52 -	\$	1,938 52 <u>-</u>	\$	606 - 1,601	\$ 3,469 104 1,601
Total non-operating revenues	\$	977	_\$_	1,990	\$	2,207	\$ 5,174
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	_\$_	44,792	\$	150,126	\$	(2,063)	\$ 192,855
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	\$	- (542)	\$	-	\$	14,001	\$ 14,001 (542)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(542)	\$	-	\$	14,001	\$ 13,459
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	44,250	\$	150,126	\$	11,938	\$ 206,314
TOTAL NET POSITION, Beginning		1,847,046		417,932		59,590	 2,324,568
TOTAL NET POSITION, Ending	\$	1,891,296	\$	568,058	\$	71,528	\$ 2,530,882

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				Funds		
	W	ater Fund	Se	wer Fund	Garl	page Fund	Total siness-Type Activities
CASH FLOWS FROM							
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Other receipts Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	309,888 446 (150,358) (65,058)	\$	613,087 446 (372,265) (59,800)	\$	92,933 - (80,466) (16,737)	\$ 1,015,908 892 (603,089) (141,595)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	94,918	\$	181,468	\$	(4,270)	\$ 272,116
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Advances (to) from other funds Transfers from other funds Receipts from grant	\$	(66,360) (542) 	\$	(193,146) - -	\$	- 14,001 1,601	\$ (259,506) 13,459 1,601
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	\$	(66,902)	\$	(193,146)	\$	15,602	\$ (244,446)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash used in purchase of capital assets Cash on sale of capital assets	\$	(102,217) 52	\$	(25,077) 52	\$	-	\$ (127,294) 104
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$	(102,165)	\$	(25,025)	\$	-	\$ (127,190)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	\$	925	\$	1,938	\$	606	\$ 3,469
Net cash provided by investing activities		925	\$	1,938	\$	606	\$ 3,469

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds						
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	Wa	iter Fund	Sev	wer Fund	Gart	page Fund	Total ness-Type ctivities
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	(73,224)	\$	(34,765)	\$	11,938	\$ (96,051)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning		484,258		193,815		59,590	 737,663
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Ending	\$	411,034	\$	159,050	\$	71,528	\$ 641,612
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	43,815	\$	148,136	\$	(4,270)	\$ 187,681
Depreciation expense		51,103		33,332	-		 84,435
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	94,918	\$	181,468	\$	(4,270)	\$ 272,116

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further under Basis of Accounting, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified basis of accounting differs from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

Reporting Entity - The Village of Carbon Cliff, Illinois provides a broad range of services to citizens, including general government, public safety, streets, sanitation, and park facilities. It also operates the water and sewer utilities.

The reporting entity is to include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financial accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Village of Carbon Cliff, Illinois is a municipal corporation governed by a Board of Trustees, which is elected by the public and has the exclusive responsibility and accountability for the decisions it makes. The Village has the statutory authority to adopt its own budget, to levy taxes and to issue bonded debt without the approval of another government. It has the right to sue and be sued, and has the right to buy, sell, lease or mortgage property in its own name. Based on these criteria, the Village is considered a primary government and there are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with these combined statements.

The Village became a home rule government in November 2006.

Basis of Presentation -

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The Village presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures of that individual government or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and

NOTE 1 – (Continued)

b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures of the individual government or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Funds – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the Village. The Village reports the following special revenue funds as major:

The hotel tax fund accounts for expenditures related to tourism.

The home rule sales tax fund accounts for expenditures related to drainage improvements financed by sales tax as collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

Proprietary Fund Types -

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The Village reports the following enterprise funds as major:

The water fund accounts for the revenue and expenses of the department responsible for providing water service to the general public.

The sewer fund accounts for the revenue and expenses of the department responsible for providing sewer service to the general public.

The garbage fund accounts for the revenue and expenses of the department responsible for providing garbage service to the general public.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus – In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis.

NOTE 1 – (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used, as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent, financial, or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting – In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation and long-term debt in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Village utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Village categorizes fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 1 – (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> - The Village's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements - Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements as assets in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Prior to January 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since January 1, 2004 are recorded at cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and systems	20-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Equipment and vehicles	5-20 years
Infrastructure	40 years

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

<u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> - Governmental funds equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance is reported for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Village's Board, which is considered the Village's highest level of decision making authority. Formal actions include resolutions and ordinances by the Village with intent to use them for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balance are amounts constrained by the Village's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The Board of Trustees authorizes assignments of fund balance. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund and a deficit in other funds, if any, is reported as unassigned.

NOTE 1 – (Continued)

The Village's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the Village considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

Equity Classification -

Government-Wide Statements – Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the Village's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Financial Statements – Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

<u>Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes are levied in December and attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of the preceding January 1 and are collectible in June, August, September, and November of the year following the December tax levy.

<u>Budgetary Data</u> - The Board of Trustees annually adopts a budget on the cash basis for all funds following the required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

<u>Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities</u> - In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

1. Interfund loans – Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.

NOTE 1 – (Continued)

- 2. Interfund services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected is reported as transfers in and out.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- Internal balances Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- Internal activities Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers-Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the Village requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Deferred Inflows/Deferred Outflows</u> - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Village does not have items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Village does not have items that qualify for reporting in this category.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The Village implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. In the governmental funds financial statements, the Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities, then committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, as applicable.

Committed Fund Balance. The Village Board of Trustees has not committed any funds at December 31, 2018.

Assigned Fund Balance. The Village Board of Trustees and management have not assigned any funds at December 31, 2018.

NOTE 3 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance* – *total governmental funds* and *Net Position* – *governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$188,667 difference are as follows:

Note payable \$ 188,667

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* — *total governmental funds* and *changes in Net Position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$(77,517) difference is as follows:

Capital outlay \$ 50,489 Depreciation expense (128,006)

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in Net Position of governmental activities

\$ (77,517)

NOTE 3 - (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that the "issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$(385,402) difference are as follows:

Notes payable:
Debt proceeds
Principal repayments

Second 1997

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in Net Position of governmental activities

\$ --- (385,401)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of December 31, 2018, the Village did not have any investments.

The investment and deposit of Village monies is governed by the provisions of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. In accordance with these provisions, all Village monies must be invested in one or more of the following:

- Interest-bearing savings accounts, interest-bearing certificates of deposit or interest-bearing time deposits constituting direct obligations of any bank as shall have been selected and designated under the terms of the Illinois Compiled Statutes and as shall have complied with the requirements thereof;
- b. Shares or other forms of securities legally issuable by savings and loan associations incorporated under the laws of this state or any other state or under the laws of the United States, provided such shares or securities are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation;
- c. Bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills or other securities now or hereafter issued, which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America as to principal and interest;
- d. Short-term discount obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Village complied with the provisions of these statutes pertaining to the types of investments held and institutions in which deposits were made.

Interest rate risk. The highest interest rate available will always be the objective of the investment policy combined with safety of principal, which is left to the discretion of the Village President. As of December 31, 2018, the Village did not have any investments subject to interest rate risk.

NOTE 4 – (Continued)

Credit risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of December 31, 2018, the Village did not have any investments subject to credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the Village President will have the sole responsibility to select which financial institutions will be depositories for Village funds. The Village President will take into consideration security, size, location, condition, service, fees, and the community relations involvement of the financial institutions when choosing a financial institution.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. At all times in order to meet the objective of safety of capital, the Village President will require deposits in excess of federally insured amount to be collateralized and evidenced by an approved written agreement. Investments requiring collateralization will not be made prior to Board approval.

As of December 31, 2018, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits with financial institutions totaled \$1,249,245 with the bank balances totaling \$1,266,173. The bank balances of \$1,266,173 are entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the Village or its agent in the Village's name.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2018, there was no investment custodial risk for the Village.

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Village's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI). That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - As set by statute, the Village Regular Plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2018 was 14.89%. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

NOTE 5 - (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost - The required contribution for calendar year 2018 was \$38,620.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

	Annual		
	Pension	Percentage	Net
Fiscal Year	Cost	of APC	Pension
Ending	(APC)	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/18	\$ 38,620	100%	\$
12/31/17	36,915	100	
12/31/16	33,795	100	

The required contribution for 2018 was determined as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2016 included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 3.50% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10.0% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of the Village Regular Plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The Village Regular Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2016 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 25-year basis.

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - As of December 31, 2018, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 66.95% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$846,126 and the actuarial value of assets was \$566,455, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$279,671. The covered payroll for calendar year 2018 (annual payroll of employees covered by the plan) was \$259,369 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 108.00%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 169,406	\$	\$	\$ 169,406
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 169,406	\$	\$	\$ 169,406
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings Equipment and vehicles Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	\$ 924,159 305,795 97,669 3,234,619	\$ 23,275 27,214	\$ 	\$ 924,159 329,070 97,669 3,261,833
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 4,562,242	\$ 50,489	<u> \$ </u>	\$ 4,612,731
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings Equipment and vehicles Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	\$ 78,847 217,336 59,176 397,580	\$ 21,555 19,493 5,979 80,979	\$ 	\$ 100,402 236,829 65,155 478,559
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 752,939	\$ 128,006	\$	\$ 880,945
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 3,809,303	\$ (77,517)	\$	\$ 3,731,786
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,978,709	\$ (77,517)	\$	\$ 3,901,192

NOTE 6 – (Continued)

Business-type activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Dusiness type delivities.				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and systems Equipment and vehicles	\$ 3,699,775 59,151	\$ 90,758 36,536	\$	\$ 3,790,533 95,687
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 3,758,926	\$ 127,294	\$	\$ 3,886,220
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and systems Equipment and vehicles	\$ 2,117,197 54,824	\$ 79,375 5,060	\$ 	\$ 2,196,572 59,884
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,172,021	\$ 84,435	\$	\$ 2,256,456
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 1,586,905	\$ 42,859	\$	\$ 1,629,764
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,586,905	\$ 42,859	<u> \$ </u>	\$ 1,629,764

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Village as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government Public works Recreation and culture	\$ 24,904 90,847 12,255
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 128,006
Business-type activities:	
Waterworks and sewerage systems	\$ 84,435

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding long-term debt of the Village was as follows:

Notes - On December 15, 2015, the Village obtained a \$640,000 loan from a bank. The loan had a variable interest rate based on the weekly average yield on U.S. Treasury securities plus 1.75%. The note was payable in installments of \$4,512 through December 2030. The loan was obtained to purchase a building and was secured by a mortgage on 1001 Mansur Avenue, Carbon Cliff, Illinois. Payments were to be paid from the General Fund.

NOTE 7 - (Continued)

On August 15, 2017 the Village refinanced the remaining loan balance of \$377,220 with another bank. The loan had a fixed interest rate of 3.0% and monthly installments of \$4,430 thru August 29, 2022.

On August 22, 2018 the Village paid off the bank loan with existing funds.

On August 25, 2015, the Village obtained a \$260,000 loan from a bank. The loan has a variable interest rate based on the weekly average yield on US Treasury securities plus 1.75% with quarterly installments of \$7,699 from January 25, 2016 through October 25, 2020, \$7,713 from January 25, 2021 through July 25, 2025 and \$7,670 on August 25, 2025. The loan was unsecured and was obtained to do Orchard Court roadway improvements and water main replacement.

On August 15, 2017, the Village refinanced the remaining loan balance of \$222,062 with another bank. The loan has a fixed interest rate of 3.0% and is payable in monthly installments of \$2,608 through August 29, 2022. The loan is being repaid from the Home Rule Sales Tax Fund.

The annual debt service requirements on this loan are as follows:

Year Ending	Interest			
December 31	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	3.0%	\$ 26,010	\$ 5,282	\$ 31,292
2020	3.0	26,779	4,513	31,292
2021	3.0	27,593	3,699	31,292
2022	3.0	108,285	2,001	110,286
Total		\$ 188,667	\$ 15,495	\$ 204,162
		The state of the s		

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	_Additions_	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Note payable	\$ 574,068	\$	\$ (385,401)	\$ 188,667	\$ 26,010
Business-type activities: None	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

NOTE 7 – (Continued)

Legal Debt Margin - As of December 31, 2018, the Village was a home-rule unit and the legal debt margin did not apply. If the Village were subject to the legal debt margin, the computation shown below indicates that the general obligation debt of the Village would not have exceeded the limit. The general obligation debt of the Village did not exceed its legal debt margin, as shown by the computation that follows:

Assessed valuation	\$ 24,045,755
Statutory debt limitation (8.625% of assessed valuation) General obligation bonds Note payable General obligation bonds, not subject to debt limit	\$ 2,073,946 (188,667)
Unused legal debt capacity based on 8.625%	\$ 1,885,279

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Payable Fund					
	Genera	l Sewer				
	Fund	Fund	Total			
Receivable Fund:						
Home Rule Sales Tax Fund	\$	9 \$	\$ 9			
Hotel Tax Fund	50,00	00	50,000			
Water Fund	66,36	50 25,054	91,414			
Sewer Fund	193,14	16	193,146			
Total	\$ 309,51	15 \$ 25,054	\$ 334,569			

Interfund balances are the result of loans between funds to cover cash shortages.

The composition of interfund transfers as of December 31, 2018 is as follows:

		Transfer Out								
		Home								
		Rule								
	General	Sales Tax	Water							
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total						
Transfer In:										
General Fund	\$	\$	\$ 542	\$ 542						
Motor Fuel Tax Fund		5,467		5,467						
Garbage Fund	14,001			14,001						
Total	\$ 14,001	\$ 5,467	\$ 542	\$ 20,010						

NOTE 8 – (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort, theft, damage to or the destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the following:

General Fund

Hotel Tax Fund

Home Rule Sales Tax Fund

Notes to the Supplementary Information

Schedules of Funding Progress – Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	
Property taxes Other taxes Licenses and permits Fines and fees Intergovernmental agreement Interest Sale of fixed assets Other reimbursements Miscellaneous revenue	\$	179,450 484,620 18,000 5,955 1,500 640 1,000 12,500 125	\$	179,450 484,620 18,000 5,955 1,500 640 1,000 12,500 125	\$	174,899 480,992 20,029 3,864 1,226 635 284 13,145 1,556
Total revenues	\$	703,790	\$	703,790	\$	696,630
EXPENDITURES Current: Personnel:						
Salaries Health insurance Retirement	\$	199,256 43,500 40,575	\$	201,311 62,555 40,575	\$	180,809 61,579 35,898
Total personnel	\$	283,331	\$	304,441	\$	278,286
Contractual Services: Intergovernmental agreement Maintenance Service Legal and professional	\$	177,590 110,400 74,700	\$	186,690 124,685 35,515	\$	176,589 39,551 15,269
Total contractual services	\$	362,690	\$	346,890	\$	231,409
Commodities: Postage Publishing and printing Telephone Dues Travel Training Utilities Insurance Maintenance Supplies	\$	1,000 2,725 5,630 2,575 10,300 5,250 40,850 29,190 61,100 30,345	\$	1,175 2,725 6,415 2,575 10,300 5,250 40,850 29,190 63,475 35,076	\$	1,046 706 5,935 2,154 4,780 1,807 40,119 28,015 28,013 24,432
Total commodities	\$	188,965	\$	197,031	\$	137,007

(Continued)

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)						
Other: Equipment Furniture Improvements Community relations	\$	35,750 2,500 6,000 7,500	\$	35,440 2,500 2,034 7,500	\$	5,462 - 1,793 4,336
Total other	\$	51,750	\$	47,474_	\$	11,591
Capital outlay	\$		\$	-	\$	50,489
Debt Service: Principal Interest	\$	42,840 10,325	\$	360,475 10,325	\$	360,237 6,827
Total debt service	\$	53,165	\$	370,800	\$	367,064
Total expenditures	\$	939,901	\$	1,266,636	\$	1,075,846
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	\$	(236,111)	\$	(562,846)	\$	(379,216)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	\$	63,350 (75,450)	\$	63,350 (75,450)	\$	542 (14,001)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(12,100)	\$	(12,100)	\$	(13,459)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(248,211)	\$	(574,946)	\$	(392,675)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning						322,319
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$	(70,356)

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MODIFIED CASH BASIS HOTEL TAX FUND

DEVENUEC	Origir	nal Budget	Fina	al Budget	Actua	al Amounts
REVENUES Hotel tax	\$	74,250	\$	74,250	\$	64,370
Total revenues	\$	74,250	\$	74,250	\$	64,370
EXPENDITURES Current: Contractual services:						
Professional services Engineering services Improvements Abatement of dangerous buildings	\$	5,900 15,000 10,000 5,000	\$	5,900 15,000 10,000 5,000	\$	2,936 7,292 - -
Total contractual services	\$	35,900	\$	35,900	\$	10,228
Other: Postage and printing Dues Utilities Community relations Supplies	\$	25 5,000 1,000 3,500 750	\$	25 5,000 1,000 3,500 750	\$	5,000 946 2,784
Total other	\$	10,275	\$	10,275	\$	8,730
Total expenditures	\$	46,175	\$	46,175	\$	18,958
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	28,075	\$	28,075	\$	45,412
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	\$	- 2,150	\$	- 52,150	\$	- (5,467)
Net change in fund balance	\$	30,225	\$	80,225	\$	39,945
FUND BALANCE, Beginning						112,408
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$	152,353

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MODIFIED CASH BASIS HOME RULE SALES TAX FUND

	Origin	nal Budget	Fina	al Budget	Actua	l Amounts
REVENUES Local sales tax Interest	\$	55,700 15	\$	55,700 15	\$	56,793 25
Total revenues	\$	55,715	\$	55,715	\$	56,818
EXPENDITURES Current: Contractual services:	Φ.	6.500	Φ.	6.065	•	6.607
Professional services Engineering services	\$	6,500 3,000	\$	6,965 2,055	\$	6,697
Total contractual services	\$	9,500	\$	9,020	\$	6,697
Commodities: Postage	\$	50	\$	50	\$	-
Total commodities	\$	50	\$	50	\$	
Debt service: Principal Interest	\$	25,220 6,080	\$	25,220 6,560	\$	25,164 6,128
Total debt service	\$	31,300	\$	31,780	\$	31,292
Total expenditures	\$	40,850	\$	40,850	\$	37,989
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	14,865	\$	14,865	\$	18,829
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	14,865	\$	14,865	\$	18,829
FUND BALANCE, Beginning						19,247
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$	38,076

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGET COMPARISONS

December 31, 2018

I. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Board of Trustees annually adopts a budget on the cash basis for all funds following the required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON PENSION PLAN FUNDING PROGRESS

December 31, 2018

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) –	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12/31/18	\$ 566,455	\$ 846,126	\$ 279,671	66.95%	\$ 259,369	107.83%
12/31/17	490,033	737,724	247,691	66.42	237,703	104.20
12/31/16	394,758	693,468	298,710	56.93	214,981	138.95

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2018 is \$513,588. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 60.70%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with the Village of Carbon Cliff, Illinois. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – Accounts for expenditures related to projects financed by the state gasoline tax as collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

Home Rule Roadway Tax Fund – Accounts for expenditures related to street projects financed by the local gasoline tax as collected and distributed by the Village.

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Motor Fuel Tax Fund		Home Rule Roadway Tax Fund		Gov	l Nonmajor vernmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash	_\$	148,274	\$	78,142	\$	226,416	
Total assets	\$	148,274	\$	78,142	\$	226,416	
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Street and alley projects	\$	148,274	\$	78,142	\$	226,416	
Total fund balances	\$	148,274	\$	78,142	\$	226,416	

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Moto	Motor Fuel Tax Fund		me Rule dway Tax Fund	Gov	Nonmajor ernmental Funds	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Roadway tax Interest	\$	54,702 - 238	\$	- 14,248 144	\$	54,702 14,248 382	
Total revenues	\$	54,940	\$	14,392	\$	69,332	
EXPENDITURES Current: Contractual services	_\$		\$	687	\$	687	
Total expenditures	\$		\$	687	\$	687	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	54,940	\$	13,705	\$	68,645	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	\$	5,467 	\$	-	\$	5,467 -	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	5,467	\$		\$	5,467	
Net change in fund balance	\$	60,407	\$	13,705	\$	74,112	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		87,867		64,437		152,304	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	148,274	\$	78,142	\$	226,416	

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MODIFIED CASH BASIS MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

DEVENUEC	Origin	nal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actua	al Amounts
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest	\$	54,600	\$	54,600 -	\$	54,702 238
Total revenues	\$	54,600	\$	54,600	\$	54,940
EXPENDITURES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	54,600	\$	54,600	\$	54,940
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	\$		\$		\$	5,467
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		\$	_	\$	5,467
Net change in fund balance	\$	54,600	\$	54,600	\$	60,407
FUND BALANCE, Beginning						87,867
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$	148,274

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MODIFIED CASH BASIS HOME-RULE ROADWAY TAX

	Origin	nal Budget	Fina	al Budget	Actua	l Amounts
REVENUES Roadway tax Interest income	\$	15,000 100	\$	15,000 100	\$	14,248 144
Total revenues	\$	15,100	\$	15,100	\$	14,392
EXPENDITURES Current: Contractual services: Maintenance service/streets Professional services	\$	25,000 750	\$	25,000 750	\$	- 687
Engineering		5,000		5,000		•
Total contractual services	\$	30,750	\$	30,750	\$	687
Other: Miscellaneous	\$	250	\$	250	\$	-
Total expenditures	\$	31,000	\$	31,000	\$	687
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(15,900)	\$	(15,900)	\$	13,705
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	(15,900)	\$	(15,900)	\$	13,705
FUND BALANCE, Beginning						64,437
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$	78,142

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS ASSESSED VALUATIONS AND PROPERTY TAX RATES

For the Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar	Assessed	Property Tax
Year	Value	Rates
2019	\$ 24,045,755	0.7468%
2018	23,612,755	0.7602
2017	24,039,231	0.7464
2016	23,026,218	0.7420
2015	23,142,182	0.7378
2014	22,796,559	0.7132
2013	24,331,072	0.6362
2012	18,470,242	0.8182
2011	18,702,743	0.7692
2010	14,706,762	0.8158

VILLAGE OF CARBON CLIFF, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS GENERAL AND ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar		Taxes
Year	Taxes Levied	Collected
2019	\$ 179,574	\$
2018	179,504	174,899
2017	179,429	176,958
2016	206,206	207,339
2015	206,096	203,967
2014	197,935	197,466
2013	190,143	188,345
2012	186,379	184,816
2011	155,214	155,574
2010	129,515	128,562